Total from volume density

Problem: A solid rectangular region of dimensions *L* by *W* by *H* has non-uniform composition so that the volume mass density is proportional to the square of the distance from one corner, reaching a maximum value δ_0 at the far corner. Compute the total mass.

Total from volume density

Problem: Compute the volume of the solid region in the first octant bounded by the coordinate planes (x = 0, y = 0, z = 0) and by the surface $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$.

Total from volume density

Problem: A solid cylinder of height H and radius R has non-uniform composition so that the volume mass density is proportional to the distance from the central axis, reaching a maximum value δ_0 at the surface. Compute the total mass. **Problem:** A solid sphere of radius *R* has non-uniform composition so that the volume mass density is proportional to the square of the distance from the center, reaching a maximum value δ_0 at the surface. Compute the total mass.